

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1876.

Meeting of the State Democratic-Conservative Executive Committee.

ROOMS OF THE DEM. EX. COMMITTEE.
RALEIGH, N. C., January 29th, 1876.

At a meeting of the Central Executive Committee of the Democratic-Conservative party this day held, it was resolved that a meeting of the State Executive Committee be called to assemble in the city of Raleigh, on Wednesday, the 15th day of March, 1876. The object of the meeting is to decide upon time and place of holding the State Convention of the Democratic-Conservative party and to consider such other matter before the Committee.

Each member of the Committee is earnestly requested to be present.

W. R. COX, CHAIRMAN.

J. J. LITCHFORD, Secretary.

Stirring Times.

We would direct the special attention of all our readers, Conservative Democrats as well as Republicans, to the astounding disclosures of bribery and corruption, which have existed for more than five years, and said to have extended through the whole family of the Secretary of War. Other disclosures of a startling nature may follow, as the committee of investigation are industriously at work to unearth and expose other corruptions in high places, which are believed to exist in many departments of the government.

It is very much to be regretted that these things do exist, but it is, nevertheless, the duty of Congress to ferret out and expose crimes and misdemeanors in office, of which they may have information.

Below we give some extracts from English papers, that our readers may see what is thought of the administration of our government abroad.

LONDON, March 1.—The Times of this morning says editorially of the Belknap scandal: "This event is more grave because it is connected with a man who has long prevailed among the American people. Even the Europeans cannot but be struck with the altered tone in which the Americans speak, if not of their institutions, at least of the men who have the present direction of them."

The Aves, alluding to the same subject, says: "American political life seems to be in anything but a healthy condition." It refers to the whisky fraud trials, the Emma Mine scandal, and the downfall of Belknap, and says that "these scandals lift the veil from that class of society which it is hitherto pretty generally supposed had as yet escaped the impurities of the social strata below, and they had now to fear that some of the worst vices of municipal government may be percolating into the Federal administration."

The Telegraph says: "Disclosures after disclosures, charges after charges, varying in degrees of truth but with some ugly and untoward character, have lately darkened the commercial, religious, judicial and administrative institutions of the United States. Some have proved false and others true, and more aware have been, but the general effect, beyond denial, has been to bring the blush of shame and anxiety into the face of all honest Americans and to make the countless friends of the Republic in this country silent and sorrowful, when its enemies rejoice over these recurring revelations."

It is said that Marsh who exposed Belknap has fled to Canada. The articles of impeachment against Belknap have been completed, and he will probably be tried next week.

The Wilmington Star says: "By the dispatches of the American Press Association, we see that Gen. Belknap transfers the blame of the infamous bargain and sale of post-trading from his own to his wife's shoulders. Great least, after the evidence of Marsh transpired, he states that the money was paid to Mrs. Belknap, but that he was ignorant of the fact that a bonus had been paid. He says he was not cognizant of the affair until a long time after the arrangement had been made."

A dispatch to the Richmond Whig—the only special to which we have present access—says that "the acceptance of Belknap's resignation has created a bitter feeling against the President, and he is being required to explain his conduct, and if justice is done, he will himself be impeached for conspiracy."

THE ARMY OFFICIALS MIXED UP WITH BELKNAP.

CHICAGO, March 4.—It is reported here that the part which Geo. T. Robinson, of Baltimore, and Geo. A. Ames have taken in the Belknap disgrace has led to the examination of the army records which shows that they both held their places in the army through their own scandalous practices upon charges preferred by superior officers and after formal court martial and not through the instrumentality of the late Secretary. Geo. T. Robinson was captain in the 10th Cavalry and was arraigned before a legal court martial at St. Louis, October 23, 1874, on the charge of fraud against the government, which fraud consisted in drawing his pay repeatedly for the same month. The court gave a series of fraud extending over two years of time practiced not only upon the government at New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Galveston and other cities, but also upon the army and navy and medical practice. Robinson also did not hesitate each time he drew his pay to commit perjury. The court found him guilty and passed the following sentence: "And the court does therefore sentence said Geo. T. Robinson to be confined to be confined and to forfeit the regular pay and allowance now due and to have his crime, name and place of abode published in and about Philadelphia and St. Louis."

LATEST NEWS.

GRANT AND SCHENCK.—According to Washington dates of March 6, Henry Hozer of F. C. Hozer & Co., Bankers of New York, is quoted that Schenck hesitated about becoming director in Emma mine, and that Grant received \$9,000 dollars for writing the letter which induced Schenck to accept. It was a gold draft for twenty thousand dollars and negotiated through Hozer's Banking establishment.

Belknap was arrested on the night of the 5th, on a warrant sworn out by Judge Wells. He was detained in his house with police inside and out all night. It is understood that an examination will be waived, and that he will give bail to wait the action of the Grand Jury. Schenck has resigned and K. H. Dana of Massachusetts was appointed.

WASHINGTON, March 6th.—The investigating committee had a list of twenty trading posts on the frontier of Texas, which were said by Belknap.

Mr. Clymer, the chairman of the committee, will issue summons for witnesses to-day.

Some of Grant's nominees for Police Commissioners of Washington are under investigation by the Senate committee.

Ex-Army-General Hoar of Massachusetts is mentioned for Secretary of War.

Babcock confines his usefulness to his duties as Commissioner of Public Grounds and Buildings.

SECRETARY BELKNAP'S FRAUDS.

EXPOSURE OF FLAGRANT CORRUPTION AND MISFEASANCE.

THE PRESIDENT ACCEPTS THE RESIGNATION WITH UNSEEMLY REGRET.

FULL SYNOPSIS OF THE EVIDENCE AND THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE HOUSE.

The discovery of the Belknap frauds created intense excitement in Washington on the 2nd instant, and is one of the most stirring events ever seen and felt in the Capitol. Everything was kept secret and the report of the Committee of investigation of Expenditures in the War Department, took almost everyone by surprise. Some of the Baltimore papers contained announcements of the impending disgrace and resignation of Secretary Belknap, but no one in Washington had any idea of what was coming. By noon it was known that Belknap had resigned, and a rumor that he had shot himself gained credence for a while, but was soon refuted.

At half-past three the Committee quietly walked in and took their seats. Mr. Wood was speaking at the time, and upon an intimation of Mr. Clymer, chairman of the Committee, gave way and stated that a Committee wished to make an important report.

Mr. Clymer then went to the Clerk's desk and read first the report of the Committee "accusing William W. Belknap, late Secretary of War, of high crimes and misdemeanors, and proposing in the name of the House and of the American people, articles of impeachment, and submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That Wm. W. Belknap, late Secretary of War, be impeached of high crimes and misdemeanors in office.

Resolved, That the testimony in the case of Wm. W. Belknap, late Secretary of War, be referred to the judicial committee, with instruction to prepare and report without unnecessary delay suitable articles of impeachment of the said Wm. W. Belknap, late Secretary of War, to the House of Representatives. That a committee of five members of the House be appointed and instructed to proceed immediately to the bar of the Senate and there impeach Wm. W. Belknap, late Secretary of War, in the name of the people of the United States, of high crimes and misdemeanors when in office, and to inform that body that formal articles of impeachment will in due time be presented, and to request the Senate to take such order in the premises as they may deem appropriate.

Then after a pause he proceeded to give the evidence of which the following is a full synopsis, from the New York Herald:

"The evidence of Mr. Caleb P. Marsh, of New York city, against Secretary Belknap states that he paid the Secretary in all twenty thousand dollars out of the forty thousand he received from the appointment to the post-trading at Fort Sill, I. T., given him by the latter. This forty thousand dollars was clear profit, as Mr. Marsh testifies that by an arrangement with Mr. Evans, the post trader before him, the latter carried on the business, giving Marsh a bonus of twelve thousand dollars a year for two years and six thousand dollars a year since. As Mr. Marsh received the payments he regularly handed them with the Secretary of War. The money was sent in various ways or landed over in person. The appointment was procured in 1871. Mr. Marsh testifies, through the offices of the deceased Mrs. Belknap and his present wife, then Mrs. Bowers, the deceased wife's sister, on being served with the subpoena to give evidence before the House Committee on Expenditures in the War Department Mr. Marsh went to Washington and consulted with Secretary Belknap and his wife as to what he should do. Belknap was excited and begged Marsh to extricate him from the impending ruin. Mrs. Belknap suggested a plan of evading the truth in the matter, but Marsh told her it "would not hold water before the committee." Marsh offered to leave the country, but his counsel pointed out that he would have to remain away until the present Congress expired; the Secretary said Marsh's going away would ruin him equally with Marsh's telling the truth. Mr. Tomlinson, Mrs. Belknap's brother, suggested another evasive plan, by which only a part of the truth would be told. Marsh at last threw all the plans overboard, went before the committee and gave the above account of the transaction."

At the close of the reading and after the many members, who had taken up positions near the clerk's desk the better to hear the testimony and accompanying statements, had returned to their proper seats, Clymer, who had also gone to his own seat, again rose and said with great emotion:

"Mr. Speaker, I would not if I could, and I could not in my present condition if I would, add anything to the facts just reported to the House. Another occasion may be afforded me to do so. They are so plain that everywhere throughout this broad land and throughout Christendom, wherever the English language is read or spoken, they will for long years constitute a record of political corruption and crimes such as there is no parallel for in our own history or in that of any other country that I know of. If, in this hour, one sentiment of pity, one word of sympathy could find utterance from me, it would be because I feel that the late Secretary of War is but the proper outgrowth, the true exponent of the corruption, the extravagance, the misgovernment that have cursed this land for years past. That being my own reflections I will discharge my duty best to myself and to this House by denouncing the previous question—the adoption of the resolution."

Robbins pleaded his mental and physical exhaustion from his continuous service on the committee as the reason why he should not address the House at any length. He spoke of the report as presenting a case of great shame and disgrace to all American citizens. As to the question of the impeachment of an officer who had resigned, he was not prepared to speak worthily except to suggest that it could not be true that an officer who was being investigated and who had been found by evidence to be a criminal could flee from justice. He alluded to what he called the unseemly acceptance of Secretary Belknap's resignation, and referred to the English cases of Warren Hastings and Lord Francis Bacon, both of whom had been impeached after they had ceased to hold offices in which they committed crimes and misdemeanors.

Bass of New York, another member of the committee, questioned the state of the chairman, Mr. Clymer, as to this case having no parallel, and said that he would not have to leave his own borders in order to find not only a parallel for it, but that he could find cases compared with which this case was as white as the driven snow. He admitted that a mere statement of this case as presented by the testimony was sufficient to justify every member to vote for the resolutions presented.

Lamar of Mississippi inquired from Bass his opinion as to the impeachment of a resigned officer.

Bass replied that the English authorities seemed to maintain the jurisdiction of impeachment

in such cases, but that in this country it was an adjudicated question and one not free from doubt, but his own best judgment was in favor of the right to impeach and to let the question be adjudicated by the Senate.

Other members participated in the debate, involving precedents in English history.

Mr. Russell of Iowa spoke with considerable feeling and concluded:

"It is understood that they were all, without exception, for impeachment; but if the House was establishing a precedent which did not rest on the constitution and which was dangerous for the future, he thought it right that the House should pause and consider this report. If the House could impeach a man not in office, it might go back and impeach Jefferson Davis and John B. Floyd for conspiracy."

Robbins of North Carolina suggested that there was a great difference between a conviction on impeachment and a conviction on indictment. In the latter case the man might be pardoned by the Executive, but in the former case it cannot be. As to the suggestion of impeachment of Jeff. Davis he replied that it had been decided that a Senator could not be impeached, not being an officer of the United States.

The debate being closed the House proceeded to vote on the resolutions, which were unanimously adopted. The Speaker appointed as the committee to notify the Senate of the action of the House, Messrs. Clymer, Robbins, Belknap and Danforth. These were the members composing the committee on the expenditures of the War Department making the report.

Adjourned.

The following order to Secretary Robeson, signed by President Grant, explains itself:

WASHINGTON, March 2, 1876.—"Sir:—The resignation of the Secretary of War having been tendered and accepted this day, you are hereby directed to assume and perform the duties pertaining to the office of Secretary of War, in addition to those of your office, until other orders are received."

Levi P. Luckey, formerly the private Secretary to the President, has been appointed to the charge of the Indian division of the office of the Secretary of the Interior.

It is stated that the committee on accounts of the War Department will request the President to recall Gen. Meigs.

U. S. Grant, Jr., succeeds Luckey as secretary to the President.

The House appropriations committee have agreed to recommend that the Treasury be directed to issue twelve millions in and redeem the fractional currency.

Pierpont Overhauled.

The Office of Attorney General Protesting.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 29.—The St. Louis Times of Sunday contained a very important dispatch from Washington, charging Attorney-General Pierpont with having during all the stages of the Babcock trial drawn from District Attorney Grant the records of the prosecution and the evidence in his possession, and communicated the same to Mr. Storrs, of Babcock's counsel. This, it is claimed, was done not once but many times, and in order that there might be no surprise, Col. Dyer was called to Washington, and induced to confide to the Attorney-General all the secrets of the prosecution, which in turn became the property of Babcock and Storrs. This, the Times' correspondent alleges, can be abundantly proved.

Yesterday the Times incorporated these charges in a displayed editorial article, and called on Congress for an immediate investigation. If the suggestion is adopted the country will be much more astonished than it has yet been by the Whiskey Ring developments.

A special dispatch received here this evening from the Times' Washington correspondent (Buell), whose discussion with Chandler will be remembered, says that Pierpont is on the rampage and will demand authority. The Times' editorial article contains an editorial article relating the charges and demanding a Congressional inquiry, alleging that all of its declarations can be sustained.

WHAT PIERPONT MUST ANSWER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—The House Judiciary Committee to-day referred to a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Lord, Canfield and Keck, the answer of Attorney-General Pierpont to the House resolution as to why he wrote the letter to United States District Attorneys not to allow convicted persons to testify in the whiskey case with any hope of leniency being shown them. The sub-committee is in possession of information that will compel Mr. Pierpont to explain. The entire committee is said, unerringly and a procedure that is a disgrace to the American judiciary.

Congressional.

The President sent a message to the House urging an immediate appropriation for deficiency at Red Cloud agency.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—The House Committee on Appropriating \$163,000 for the Bureau of Printing and Engraving, directed Secretary of Treasury to issue silver coin in exchange for fractional currency whether now in Treasury or presented for redemption. The Committee on Ways and Means will have permission to offer an amendment extending the notice of silver as legal tender. Randall gave notice he would call up the bill as soon as practicable and moved its recommission. Carried.

Bills fixing the rate of third class mail matter and to restore the franking privileges, were under consideration.

Pinchback is up again in the Senate.

Belknap before the Senate, Clymer, of Pennsylvania, Chairman of the Investigating Committee, made the following report:

"In obedience to the order of the House we proceeded to the bar of the Senate, and in the name of the House and of the people of the United States of America, we impeached, as we were directed to do, William Belknap, late Secretary of War of the United States, of high crimes and misdemeanors while in office, and we demanded that the Senate shall take order to make him appear before that body to answer for the same, and announced that the House would soon present articles of impeachment and make them good, to which the response was made, 'Order shall be taken.'"

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Dr. Drenforth, examiner of chemicals at the patent office, under investigation for bribery.

The Democratic Executive Committee elected H. Clymer, President, Jas. H. Harvey, Secretary, and Wm. H. Barnum, Treasurer.

In SENATE, The Postmaster General was called upon for information regarding straw bids.

The Committee on the District of Columbia have power to send for persons and papers in investigating the interference with the courts by members and employees of the late House.

DOING NOTHING.—We notice some of the Republican State papers have been inclined to find fault with Congress for doing nothing!—It appears to us as if Congress will do a little too much for that party before it adjourns, to be palatable!

Celebration at Moore's Creek.—On our first page will be found a description of the celebration of the Centennial of the Battle of Moore's Creek.

A Bad Showing.

General Chamberlain, Ward of the Massachusetts Penitentiary, recently testified before the Prison Committee of the Legislature of that State as follows:

"I know from my own knowledge that there exists in the city of Boston a regularly organized society of criminals, with a President, a Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer. This society has a regular form of admitting members. The prison has been graduated from his offense, with information in regard to the prison, are all duly recorded. The society discusses the most approved plans for burglary, tools, equipments, etc.; they also keep a regular register of the best criminal lawyers in the country, and of the Judges of the courts, and they know as well as we do, and a great deal of the crime which exists among the race, is chargeable to their teachers and preachers. It is the duty of the older negroes to be more careful in the training of their young, to set good examples before them, and to impress upon them the responsibility of citizenship. General Chamberlain contributed for some little time in remarks to this purpose, his plea for leniency for his clients being intermingled with some very excellent advice to the colored people."

His Honor followed Gen. Chamberlain in a few remarks. He agreed with counsel that much of the crime of the race is chargeable to older heads, and went on to speak of the class of criminals here. He found that almost all the criminals were foreigners and a floating population, brought in here on the trains. Only 13 out of all those in jail are natives of this country, the others having come from a distance, almost all of them having gone to stealing almost immediately upon their arrival. Another fruitful source of crime among the negroes, was the belief which they had been taught to entertain, that they would be pardoned out of the penitentiary. He assured the colored population that it was no pleasure for him to punish them, but that it was his duty, and as long as crime existed here, he should use his best efforts to suppress it.—Charlotte Observer.

A CRAZY MAN AT LARGE.—Friends were in Statesville last week searching for a man who was crazy, of the name of Joe Robinson, whose residence is near Salem Church, in Rowan county, and who rides over the country and around plantations without any apparent object more than to keep prying about. The man is a white individual has lost an eye, is reported to be very polite and apparently intelligent, to strangers, but his mind is much affected. His friends will be thankful to any person that may meet with him, to take him in charge and return him to them.—American.

DAMAGED OATS.—Mr. Henry Barringer has brought to our office some oat plants to show the insect which, in his crop, is doing so much injury to the prospects of the crop. This insect is what is commonly called the *hopper*. It is very small, green in color, sticks close to the boot and inner side of the green leaves, on the back of which it feeds. It seems to have very little life, moving slowly when disturbed. The plant is soon robbed of its vitality, turns yellow and dies. Some of the insects acquire wings and can probably fly. What is it, and what is to come of it? We learn that they are more destructive on thin soils than on rich.—Waldman.

WILKES COUNTY.—We learn that the difficulty between Isbell and White, was much exaggerated—that White was not killed, in fact not injured, is getting well, and that Isbell is at home attending to his domestic affairs. This is better than two funerals, or, even one. Both men should hereafter abstain from liquor—make friends, which we understand they have done—and be happy.—American.

From the Salisbury Watchman. On Sunday night last a disturbance arose between two of the servants in the kitchen of the Boyden place. Mr. James, one of the clerks, went in and quieted them. They were not satisfied, however, and got at it again in the yard, drawing butcher knives. Again they were parted. A short time after Mr. James met one of them in the passage; some words were passed between them, which caused Mr. James to kick the doorknob, who drew his knife, and Mr. James, just as he made his appearance in the door Mr. J. deliberately walked up to him, presented his knife in the face of the man and snatched the knife. The other clerk, ran toward him, and was nearly between them when Mr. James fired. In his haste, he fired just about one-half of an inch above the doorknob's head—the ball taking effect in the ceiling near the front door, and then falling to himself wings, Mr. J. snatched to parts unknown.

Geo. Wilkins, indicted for horse stealing at Perquimans Superior Court last week, was sentenced to 15 years in the penitentiary.

Mr. Joseph K. Burke's residence, in Salisbury, with a large part of its contents, was destroyed by fire one morning last week. The chimney was foul and the family were asleep, supposing the roof was wet enough from the rain that fell the night before. There was considerable wind and the fire soon got beyond control. It is a distressing misfortune to Mr. Burke. Insurance to the amount of \$1,750.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

STATE ITEMS.

A correspondent of the Shelby Banner, writes that paper the following singular story from High Shoals Township, Cleveland county:—

"The abduction of a child from a family of McDaniels is the latest gossip of the neighborhood just now. About 12 years ago an infant girl was lodged at Wiley Morris' (a negro) one mile from Island Ford, by an old gentleman and lady from South Carolina. A song sung of money was paid with instruction to care for the infant. Subsequently an old maid, Miss McDonald, took the child to raise and has kept it ever since, for which she was well paid. The mother and friends of the child have been trying to get her back, but they have offered large sums of money I am told, and even offered to take the woman McDonald and keep her if she would give up the child willingly, but she has sternly refused to give it up under any circumstances. On the subject of a crowd of men went to McDonald and took the girl 'out of arms.' Then made their way back to Union county, S.C."

BURNED.—On Sunday, the 6th ult., Clarence, son of Mr. James P. New Mexico, was severely burned while standing in his night clothes near the fire. His grandmother who was in the room, extinguished the flames, but not before the child was severely burned. In the midst of the fire the father, Mr. New Mexico, having heard that raw eggs were good for burns, plastered him with them until he looked like a marble image striped with ochre. The effect was almost magical. It relieved the sufferer in a few minutes, and shortly thereafter he ate a hearty breakfast.—Asheville Pioneer.

DENTAL CONVENTION.—The following named gentlemen, Dr. V. E. Turner, of Raleigh, Dr. James Ken, of Wilmington, and Dr. W. H. Hoffman, of Charlotte, have been elected as delegates to attend the Southern Dental Association to convene in the city of Nashville, Tenn., Tuesday April 11th next.—Raleigh News.

The large iron furnace that has been so long constructing at Buckhorn Falls, in Harnett county, has at last been put in full blast, and will soon turn out from 3 to 4 tons of pig metal per day.

HERBAL EXHIBITION IN STATESVILLE.—Wallace Brothers' collection of *Medica Medica* for the Centennial, will be displayed on the 9th, 10th, 11th, 13th and 14th of March, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 5 p. m. at the opera House. The public, and the ladies especially, are respectfully invited.

This collection surpasses anything of the kind heretofore attempted in this country, and will well repay spending an hour or so in examination. Besides the herbal display, the beautiful pencil drawing of ferns, by Miss Emily Lawton of Dubuque, Iowa, the greater portion of which was executed at night, can be seen; also, a rare collection of eggs of upwards of a hundred different kinds of birds and reptiles, something one would hardly gain witness in a lifetime.—American.

The Raleigh News says that two out-houses belonging to the Cottage Hotel in Raleigh were burnt on the morning of the 5th, and Mary Ann Dolan, an orphan daughter of Patrick Dolan perished in the flames.

SENTENCE OF THE HIGHWAYMEN.—Some of the gang of highwaymen who were operating so extensively in the vicinity of Charlotte about two months ago, have been overtaken by justice. Neal Knox, the leader of the gang, was on yesterday sentenced to 30 years in the Penitentiary, and four others to 25 years each. Barringer was of counsel appointed to defend these negroes, and when asked by the court what he had to say, before sentence was passed, responded in a few highly sensible remarks. He said that he recognized the enormity of the crime of which the defendants had been proved guilty, and had nothing to plead for them except their youth and their ignorance. They were all very young men, and he believed that they had very little idea of what crime is; they do not look upon it as we do, and a great deal of the crime which exists among the race, is chargeable to their teachers and preachers. It is the duty of the older negroes to be more careful in the training of their young, to set good examples before them, and to impress upon them the responsibility of citizenship. General Chamberlain contributed for some little time in remarks to this purpose, his plea for leniency for his clients being intermingled with some very excellent advice to the colored people.

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GENERAL NEWS.

NEW MEXICO.—The public are tired of New Mexico. Every year New Mexico sends Congress and wants to be a State. Her clamor is in an inverse ratio to her size. She shakes the gates of the capital as fiercely as if she had a family a million strong, when as a matter of fact there are only 15,000 Texans in the whole Territory to 88,000 Mexicans and 21,000 Indians. Only one man out of four can read or write. The absurdity of making a State of this savage area that has fewer civilized people than frequently go from New York to any island on a single steamer, to have brought to be tolerably evident. Come, let us admit Blackwell's Island, and have it send two members to the United States Senate!

SHEEP.—Mr. Robbins, of Pleasanton, Texas, reports that there are about 2,000,000 head of sheep on the borders of the Rio Grande, which is the first sheep-raising country in the world. The sheep has imported some of these to his own ranch, and he says that in two years the clipings will net him fifty cents per head, which, together with the increase of flocks, will yield him a handsome revenue. On the Neeces and Rio rivers there are about 750,000 sheep, from which the best mutton will soon be ready for market.—Review.

FISH.—The American Fish Culturist Association intend to make a remarkable exhibition at the Centennial. It will embrace not only live, ice and stuffed fish, whales, seals, porpoises, turtles, frogs, alligators, crabs, lobsters, corals, sponges, algae, and other marine creatures, but prepared fish and roes, dried, salted, smoked, pickled, or corned, and also fish, sperm, gelatine, isinglass, glue, leather, shell, and whalebone.—Review.

Under the low "free trade" tariff of 1860, New England cotton manufacturers, after supplying the home market and driving out pretty much all English goods, exported to foreign markets the value of \$10,000,000. Under the tariff of 1865, they exported only \$1,071,782, while the whole country imported 80,000,000 yards of foreign cotton cloth. To-day half their mills lie idle, with no fire in the furnace. Protection militates against exports, and New England has lost her foreign trade.

HOPFUL FUTURE.—The New York Graphic says: "Most of the prominent papers of this country take hopeful views of the near future. Well they may. The California and Nevada mines will produce a gold harvest of \$10,000,000, we shall export \$70,000,000 more than we shall import, and our crops have been heavy, while those of Europe are light, producing a heavy foreign demand. Day dawn."

CORN.—The Department in Washington reports the price of corn as falling from 43 cents in Iowa, last year, to 27 cents this. In Missouri the decline is from 74 to 28. Kansas from 91 to 23—a fall of three-fourths of the last year's price. Nebraska from 53 to 20. In Tennessee the decline is placed at 27 cents per bushel, which is considerably less than the market indicates. In Illinois it is stated at 22 cents. In Kentucky 14. In California corn has advanced 9 cents; in Oregon declined 3 cents. In no time but twelve years have we exported more than 4 per cent of our crop, and the quantity has run below 1 per cent.—Review.

When the wind storm that recently devastated Tipton Pass began there were 100,000 sheep feeding on the plains, thousands of which were blown into the gulches and buried by the driving sand. Over 30,000 were lost. On the San Emidio, cattle which took refuge in the beds of streams were in some places buried out of sight.

The envelope makers and printers assert that the Government loses \$700,000 a year in the manufacture of postal cards, to say nothing of the cost of carrying them as mail matter, and they claim that if the Government should abolish stamped envelopes, wrappers and postal cards, it would save \$2,500,000 a year.

The Springfield, Mass., Republican of Feb. 28th says: Potatoes are worth 50 cents per bushel, apples \$2.50 per barrel, and butter sells for 25 cents per pound.

An old Baltimore negro who had emigrated to Liberia years ago, ordered a quantity of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup a short time ago, stating that although coughs and colds were not frequent in Africa, he would not like to be without it in his family.

THE MARKETS.

Corrected by R. A. Womack & Co. Dealer in General Merchandise.

Corn	1.00 a 1.75	Salt	1.50 a 2.00
Wheat	1.00 a 1.75	" American	1.50 a 2.00
Flour	2.75 a 3.00	Candles	18 a 20
Meal	2.25 a 3.00	Oils, Lard	20 a 25
Chop	1.25 a 1.50	Kerosene	22 a 25

LOCAL ITEMS.

POST OFFICE DIRECTORY.

Salem, N. C., Post Office Arrangement.—Office hours from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. during the week. As no mails arrive or depart on Sunday the office will not be open on that day.

TIME OF ARRIVAL AND CLOSING THE MAILS.

Railroad, from Greensboro to Salem, closes every day, except Sundays, at 7 a. m.; due every day except Sunday, by 6:30 p. m.

Mount Airy mail, via Old Town, Bethania, Five Forks, Little Yadkin, Pilot Mountain, Flat Shoals and Tom's Creek: closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6:30 a. m.; due, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 3 p. m.

Madison mail, via Sedge Garden, Germantown and Walnut Cove, due, Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 5 p. m.; closes, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6:30 a. m.

Jerusalem mail, via Friedberg, Miller's Mill, Elba ville and Fulton: closes every Wednesday at 6 a. m.; due, every Thursday, 7 p. m.

Jenningsville mail, via Mt. Tabor, Vienna, Red Plains East Bend and Booneville: due every Friday, by 7 p. m.; closes every Saturday, at 6 a. m.

Waltham mail, via Salem, Chapel, White Road, Below's Creek, Mill and Blakely: closes every Friday, at 4:30 p. m.; due, every Saturday, by 7 p. m.

Huntsville mail via Clemmonsville, Lewisville and Panther Creek, closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6:30 a. m.; due, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 3 p. m.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

LOCAL NOTICES.—Notices will be published in our local columns at 20 cents per line, every insertion, for regular customers who have standing advertisements in the Press. Otherwise, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

OBITUARY NOTICES.—All obituary notices and tributes of respect, over ten lines, will be charged at advertising rates. Terms cash.

A GOOD GARDEN.—Remember, the foundation of a good garden is good seeds, in the first place, and good culture afterwards.

AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE, you will find all fresh and reliable SEEDS. No old stock on hand, remember that.

CLOSE OF HOPEWELL PUBLIC SCHOOL on Saturday last was a pleasant occasion. A large number of the parents and friends of the scholars were present, and everything passed off well. Mr. E. E. Knauss, the teacher, is a young man of considerable ability as a teacher, and is deservedly popular.

Messrs. Charles Rothrock and David Charles addressed the pupils and audience in a neat and appropriate manner.

A band of string music gave some of their best airs, adding much to the enjoyment of the afternoon.

CEDAR GROVE PUBLIC SCHOOL, Thomas Ring, teacher, closed with the usual public exhibition, on Saturday last. There was a large number of spectators present, all of whom seemed to enjoy the occasion, and were in the best of humor, maintaining good order.

The Muddy Creek String Band furnished the music, which added much to the pleasures of the day. Mr. Ring is a good and popular teacher, and was also very successful in making the exhibition highly interesting. Mr. Leon V. Alsbaugh addressed the scholars and spectators in a neat and appropriate speech.

PLEASANT FORK PUBLIC SCHOOL closed on the 26th ult., on which occasion also a goodly number of the parents, friends and neighbors assembled. The usual exhibition ceremonies took place. John Stafford, Jun., certainly ranks among the good Public School teachers. Everything passed off very well.

Considerable quantities of lumber for building and tobacco hoghead purposes, are passing our office daily, frequently as many as 6 and 8 wagons in company.

Many of them from the Abbott's Creek and Reedy Creek neighborhoods.

FIRST SUNDAY IN LENT.—Rev. E. A. DeSchweinitz preached an excellent sermon on Sunday morning last, to a large congregation. In the evening Rev. A. L. Oertter delivered an excellent sermon. The church was well filled, the weather being delightful.

THE SALEM MUSIC SOCIETY, we are informed, intend giving two cheap, and yet first-class, "Subscription Concerts," choral and orchestral, next week. Members of the Society will pass around with subscription lists, giving to all the opportunity, not only of hearing the best of music, but of assisting in keeping up our secular, as well as church music.

STATE AND COUNTY TAX.—The County Commissioners, on Tuesday, laid the following taxes: Poll \$2.00; and 68 cents on the \$100 valuation of Real Estate.

NEW HARDWARE STORE, &c.—We would direct attention to the advertisement of the new Hardware Store, in Winston, by Mr. S. E. Allen. Call at Gray's corner and examine stock.

When our friends go to Winston, of course they will be sure to call on Messrs. Hodgkin, Hinshaw & Co., Pfaff & Stockton, and S. E. Allen. Those wishing to dispose of tobacco will know where to find the Piedmont and Brown's Warehouse.

The following are the Officers of Rough and Ready Fire Company, elected on last Tuesday night:

Captain—E. S. Ackerman.
First Lieutenant—N. T. Shore.
Second Lieutenant—Luther Butner.
Secretary—Charles Fisher.
Assistant Secretary—John Shutt.
Engineer—H. S. Crist.
Orderly—Frank Vogler.

We learn that on Monday last, a little son of Mr. J. E. Gilmer, of Winston, aged about 18 months, while passing near a fire-place fell, striking his face on the sharp point of one of the and-irons, producing a painful wound near one of his eyes. The little fellow was also severely burned on one of his arms by the fire.

The Eden Public School will close with an Exhibition Saturday next.

Full Moon to-morrow, (Friday.)

A few weeks ago we published an item which stated that if a young lady would count all the white horses she saw this leap year, until she reached one hundred, she would marry the first man who shook hands with her after she counted the hundredth. One young lady, we learn, has scored down ninety-nine, and is devoting all her spare time trying to get the other one, after which she will be ready for the hand-shaking.

Now that the March winds are setting in, persons should see that their stove pipes are not foul, and that their chimneys are burnt out at the proper time.

A friend wants to know if that box which ornaments the roof of the store building, formerly occupied by Wommack & Co., is intended for a pigeon-house or a livery stable.

Mr. Tucker's handsome residence, near Winston, is fast drawing towards completion.

The building formerly occupied by the Winston Sentinel, and now used by the First National Bank of Winston, has been remodeled, and makes a handsome appearance, both inside and out.

Baptist services were held in the Court House on last Saturday night, Sunday morning and night, and Monday night.

We notice quite a number of juvenile peddlers on our streets now. Remember boys that when A. T. Stewart was a peddler he never spent his profits for cigars and chewing gum.

The Rough and Ready Fire Company was out on parade on Saturday afternoon last.

We notice that Mr. J. E. Mickey has brushed up and painted the "big coffee pot."

The street candy manufacturer has arrived in Winston, and is engaged making candy for the juveniles.

Mr. A. S. Jones is making improvements on the N. Vogler homestead which he purchased some time ago.

Wommack & Co. have put buckets at some of the wells along the different roads, for the benefit of the public, and teamsters who carry no buckets can now water their teams without any trouble.

The weather was so warm last Sunday afternoon that lizards were out, and the "Boss of the Mill Wagon" took a walk.

We have been informed that Mr. Simon Pointexter, of Yadkin County, aged 59 years, has never seen a court house nor jail, and is not blind either.

Mr. P. H. Pointexter of Yadkin County, has moved to Winston.

C. B. Brooks and family occupy their new dwelling near the Railroad Depot.

List of Jurors.

The following is the list of Jurors drawn for Spring Term of Forsyth Superior Court:

FIRST WEEK.

Tobias Rothrock, Yancey Crews, Wm. W. Smith, Edmund Reid, Moses Linville, H. B. Perry, Henry Stafford, J. S. Plunkett, Fewell Fulton, G. W. Bodenhamer, E. J. Spauld, Nicholas Pope, Jas. Mottenger, Henry Reich, Samuel Weavil, Jos. J. Hine, Samuel Alsbaugh, W. C. Vanhoey, R. D. Gorrell, H. R. Lehman, Thos. Kimmel, John Beeson, Franklin James, Y. B. Castle, David Ensley, Wm. Hasten, Jos. Armfield, J. I. Crews, Alex. Giersch, Wm. F. Shultz, Elijah Nelson, John P. Hedgecock, Milton Blackburn, Robert T. Whicker, W. F. Pitts, Calvin Sharp.

SECOND WEEK.

A. B. Gorrell, Josiah Watkins, J. M. Stockton, Jordan Huff, W. J. Spauld, Jacob Witman, A. G. Voss, Thos. C. Dean, R. F. Beeson, J. M. Richmond, John E. Clayton, L. F. Weavil, Benj. Hampton, D. N. Heisebeck, Wm. Nading, John H. Shore, Jackson Guthrie, M. V. Warner.

Stokes County.

There are five prisoners in Stokes county jail, viz: George Harris, Jarney; Kate Watkins, infanticide; Joseph Glenn, homicide; Wm. Denny, Jarney; John Gilbert, Jarney. We only have these few cases on hand at present, but think we can add four-fold to the number by the time our Court convenes. Our jail expenses will contribute largely toward bankrupting the county unless we have a more speedy way of disposing of petty violators of the law.—Danbury Reporter.

It has been reported to us that Burr Manning, for whom a capias has been in the Sheriff's hands for months, went to his father's house on last Friday night where a social party, after a day's log-rolling, was being enjoyed, took up the banjo-picker and threw him out at the door, bruising him considerably. He then struck another of the company on the arm with his bowie-knife, which made an ugly wound. Manning was seen next morning sitting at his father's picking his banjo, with a pistol on each side of him and a formidable bowie-knife in his front. It is said that he and the Sheriff are not on very intimate terms, and that they are respectfully formal toward each other.—Id.

Departed this life, at the residence of his father, A. N. Zevely, in Washington City, on the 1st inst., of congestion of the lungs, Dr. E. A. Zevely. Dr. Zevely had a severe throat affection all winter, but was only confined to his room a day or two. So little were the family aware of his serious illness that they were all, with the exception of his mother, at church, when he breathed his last, cut off in the prime of life.

We sympathize with the bereaved family.

Pennsylvan for April is already on our table.—This excellent magazine is interesting with every number, and is afforded at the low price of \$2 a year. It is superior to some higher priced fiction magazines, and is now in its 68th volume. It has stood the test of years, and is more popular now than ever. Clubs with the Press \$3.50.

Surry County.

From the Watchman, we learn that the Christian Association at Mt. Airy, meets now semi-monthly, with increasing interest.

Tobacco still continues to come in, and Mt. Airy will soon have three large tobacco factories.

The Gilmer, Moore & Moore Cotton Factory is said to be doing good work, at Mt. Airy.

Many peach trees are now in full bloom in Surry.

THE FRUIT CROP.—Although a number of persons have given up the peach crop as a failure, the prospect is still fair up to this time.

DIED.

In Yadkin county, on February 21st of dropsy, Mr. RICHARD LOGAN, aged about 40 years.

Very unexpectedly, of heart disease, on the 17th ult., at her home in Early county Georgia, MARY MURKIN, wife of Dr. Richard B. Hill, and daughter of the late Hon. Charles Fisher of Salisbury, in the 52d year of her age.

NOTICE.

SALEM, N. C. March 8th, 1876.

On the 3d of April next, at 2 o'clock, at the door of the First National Bank of Salem, N. C., A HOUSE AND LOT AT TRINITY COLLEGE, Raleigh County, N. C., known as the property of John R. Webster, to satisfy a mortgage deed made by said Webster to me.

I. G. LASH,
J. L. FULKERSON.

Cheap! Cheaper!! Cheapest!!!
JUST RECEIVED A CHOICE LOT OF NEW STYLE PRINTS, best quality at 25 cents each.

March 7th, 1876.

PATTERSON & CO. Keep a well selected line of
STAPLE CARPETS,
HEMP AND GRASS MATS,
OIL CLOTHS

TABLE LINEN AND NAPKINS.

They will soon add to their stock a line of WINDOW CURTAINS, brought of A. T. Stewart & Co., in elegant designs and at very low prices.

They correspond with large wholesale houses in the Northern cities that furnish Carpets, Oil Cloths and Curtains of any style or finish, and any order can be filled in a few days.

They keep also an assortment of the new and popular PAPER WARE.

There is the only house in this part of the State that can furnish BURIAL CASES, and BURIAL ROBES, the latest and handsomest garments for enrobing the dead.

COME AND BUY, NOT WITHOUT MONEY.—In order to raise money to promptly pay a heavy sum due, I have for sale FOR A TIME, my large and desirable stock of goods at COST, in such quantities as CASH buyers may desire. Come and avail yourselves of an opportunity which I trust will prove a great benefit to you.

Respectfully Yours,
Salem, N. C., Feb. 7th, 1876. J. L. FULKERSON.

IF YOU WANT FULL VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY GET BEST GOODS OF

Jan. 6th, 1876.

GOOD THINGS from the Largest Clothing House in America.

Selections may be made from a large lot of Samples for Men and Boy's Clothing.

Measures will be taken, and orders forwarded to Wommack & Co. Brown, by

J. L. FULKERSON, Agt., Salem, N. C.

Oct. 14th, 1876.

SALE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On the 14th day of March next, the undersigned will sell, on the premises, the plantation known as the "Springhouse Tract," on the Hollow Road leading from Salem to Mt. Airy. Also all the Household and Kitchen Furniture and Farming implements. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, and to continue from day to day till all is sold.

J. W. SPAINHOWER.

March 2, 1876.—2t.

LOT NEW CALICOES just received at Wommack & Co's.

Having received the Measures and Weights from Raleigh, I am ready to seal all weights and measures.

R. A. WOMMACK,

Standard Keeper.

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE AT SALEM, N. C., March 1st, 1876.

LADIES' LIST.

Miss Harriet Barrow, Mrs. Elizabeth Fancier, Miss Lucy A. Graham, cure of Thos. Hall, Miss Victoria E. Holder, Mrs. Amelia Hensdale, Miss Lula Nelson, Mrs. M. A. Noble, Miss Adeline Stare.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Rev. E. J. Bird, W. J. Dinkins, Henderson Fleming, John W. Flynt, Mike Tootie, (col) Joshua Walker, Josh Galloway, William Hunter, Lee Jones, Jessa King, Harmon Longworth, W. P. Mitchell, W. McWier, G. H. Nickelson, Willie or John Neely, George Fasse, Matthew Phillips, Robert L. Ravis, John N. Shaver, J. T. Shaver, W. H. Shaver, Dr. Thomas Williams, Cornelius Williams.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

CUT THIS OUT.

It May Save Your Life.

There is no person living but what suffers more or less with Lung Disease, Coughs, Colds, or Consumption, yet some would die rather than pay 75 cents for a bottle of medicine that would cure them. Dr. A. Boschee's German Syrup has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures astonish every one that tries it. If you doubt that we say in print, cut this out and take it to your Druggist, Dr. Y. O. Thompson, Winston, N. C., and get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try it, or a regular size for 75 cents.

FRANK LESLIE, at his Mammoth Publishing House, 587 Pearl Street, New York, issues a weekly illustrated newspaper and magazine. Mr. Leslie was the first in the United States to undertake the publication of a weekly illustrated newspaper, and to him belongs the honor of being the publisher of the "Illustrated Newspaper in America." The person who secures the agency for these publications for this vicinity, and will give our citizens an opportunity of inspecting the several issues and copies of the most magnificent chromo the choice from which is given with a subscription to either of the Illustrated Weeklies, will have a handsome and profitable employment. These papers are well known, and sell readily from 10 to 15 cents on news-stands, and are now first offered through agents to annual subscribers, with a valuable chromo, and all to lovers of art, is alone worth more than the subscription price. An annual subscriber to the ILLUSTRATED NEWSPAPER receives during the year 52 newspaper pages, folded to the size of a large octavo book the superior would have 328 pages, equal to seven octavo books of ordinary size, say 40 pages each, and one half of these pages would contain fine engravings, and for the centennial year will make the most accurate and valuable illustrated history of the National Jubilee published. We advise our readers, after they have subscribed to the Press (secure one of Frank Leslie's Illustrated periodicals, and with it the beautiful chromo.)

Drawn from Life.

BY CHARLES DICKENS.

WITH TWENTY ILLUSTRATIONS BY "PHIZ."

FIRST AMERICAN EDITION.

12mo. Cloth. Price \$1.50.

E. J. HALE & SON, Publishers, New York

For sale at the.....BOOKSTORE.

NEW NOVELS,

PICTURES,

BOOKS,

AT THE BOOKSTORE.

PIEDMONT WAREHOUSE,

WINSTON, N. C.

Has the BEST LIGHTED SALE-ROOM of any Warehouse in town.

IT WAS THE FIRST HOUSE TO REDUCE CHARGES. THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICES OBTAINED.

1.-3m.

IMPROVE YOUR HOMES.
ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION.

During the Spring months, attention should be given to the decoration of Home Grounds.

Kelly Nursery, at Hillsboro, N. C., offers a very full and varied stock of EVERGREENS, ROSES, FLOWERING SHRUBS, ORNAMENTAL SHADE AND LAWN TREES, BORDER PERENNIALS, and the most select varieties of FLOWER SEEDS and BULBS.

We send the following collections:

20 Packets Flower Seeds, (per mail)	\$1.00
3 Roses,	1.00
10 Bedding Plants,	1.00
12 Evergreens,	5.00
6 Flowering Shrubs,	1.00

Plans for Improvement made in full, Greenhouse and Hot-house Plants, in prompt supply, at low rates. Mr. JOHN H. SHULTZ is the authorized Agent for Salem, and will deliver any orders. Address for catalogues, C. R. DENSON, Hillsboro, N. C.

We offer all the rare evergreens and select plants, in every variety of size and style. References given in all portions of the State.

March 2nd, 1876.—No. 9.

FRESH SUPPLIES

—AND—

RARE BARGAINS.

WITHIN THE PAST TEN DAYS, we have added to our already large and varied stock of goods, the following:

Fresh Supply of best Brown, "C" Extra "C," and Cut Loaf Sugars.

A FINE LINE OF RIO COFFEES,

Both Green and Roasted.

In addition, we keep a superb article of ROASTED COFFEE, put up handsomely in 1 lb. papers.

Also, choice MOCHA COFFEE, the most delicious of all Coffees.

Royal Baking Powders,

BATH BRICK, 10 cents each, the best cleanser of household steel-ware.

A new invoice of those famous

LADIES' SHOES,

made by C. H. ROYAL, formerly ROYAL & READ.

PAPER WARE, of different kinds.

A nice selection of

NEW PRINTS.

NOTIONS, BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED MUSLINS, CAMBRICS, &c.

CLARK'S SPOOL COTTON, reduced to 80 cents per dozen, single spools 8 cents.

"COATS" SPOOL COTTON, 80 cents per dozen spools, single spools, 8 cents. Of the latter we are expecting 500 dozen, direct from the Agents.

COATES' LINEN THREAD, on spools, a very superior article.

Our whole line of

Fancy Dress Goods,

comprising many desirable styles, and of the best makes, is offered at

10 PER CENT. BELOW COST.

In every instance the exact cost will be stated to the customer.

Such goods as may have been carried over for two seasons, will be sold at

25 PER CENT. BELOW COST.

We thus offer to the citizens of Salem, Winston and the surrounding country

RARE BARGAINS.

Since the hard times have set in, Prints are not so good as formerly, and therefore a WISE ECONOMY dictates the purchase of better material, so that the labor and expense incident to the present elaborate make up of dresses, may not be thrown away.

PATTERSON & CO.

Salem, N. C., Feb. 17, 1876.

LAND FOR SALE!

I will sell at the Court House in Yadkinville, on the 14th day of MARCH next, several tracts of valuable land, to wit: One tract of

128 ACRES,

known as the BINKLEY land, lying above Conrad's Ferry road, adjoining Dr. Kinyoun and Mrs. Elizabeth Conrad. Also one tract known as the SPURWAT LARANT, containing 251 ACRES, adjoining Isaac James and others. Also one tract known as the WILLIAM RANDOLPH LANDS.

Containing 101 ACRES, adjoining the above mentioned lands. Also one tract of 90 acres, adjoining the above lands on the north. Also one tract of Wood land containing 25 or 30 acres, adjoining the Binkley lands, Mrs. E. Conrad and Dr. Kinyoun. Also four town lots, in Yadkinville, and one-half lot in East-Bend, the other half owned by A. Horn. The greater portion of these lands are well adapted to the cultivation of Tobacco, Corn, and Wheat. TERMS: One-fourth cash, and the remainder in six months. Title made when the purchase money is paid.

E. A. CONRAD, Executor.

February 17th, 1876. 7-4w.

JOB PRINTING.

We call the attention of all classes who wish printing executed neatly, expeditiously, and upon reasonable terms, to the facilities offered at the People's Press Printing Establishment.

We can furnish, at short notice, BLANKS, BILL-HEADS, LETTER-HEADS, CARDS, PROGRAMMES, HANDBILLS, PAMPHLETS, CATALOGUES, POSTERS, NOTES, CHECKS, DRAFTS, &c., &c.

BARGAINS!

Boots, Shoes and Hats AT COST!!

Purposing to close out our stock entirely, we offer it, at retail, at cost.

For a stock of GOOD GOODS at LOW PRICES, will do well to call early.

S. H. & S. A. EVERETT.

Salem Feb. 9th, 1876.

FRESH Garden Seeds

AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

No old stock on hand. All fresh and reliable.

GRAVE STONES.—Persons wishing Grave Stones lettered before Easter, will please apply, without delay, to

W. T. VOGLER.

Salem, N. C., Feb. 17, 1876.

FARMER'S HEADQUARTERS

THE OLD RELIABLE

BROWN'S WAREHOUSE!

The Proprietors would remind their friends and patrons that they

Defy Competition and all Combinations.

That their House is being ENLARGED to accommodate their greatly increased business, giving them a LARGER FLOOR BY 2,000 SQUARE FEET than any house in Winston.—That they will have

Fourteen Large Sky-Lights, with Ten Doors for Unloading.

That their LOT HAS BEEN ENLARGED AND IMPROVED, and shall be equaled in convenience by none.

Will always gladly welcome you and extend every attention possible, and continue to

Guarantee the Highest Market Prices, Promptness and Accuracy.

Your Friends, Truly,

T. J. BROWN & CO.

